7TH PLANET BROADCASTING

EPISODE 003 - JUNE 19, 2016
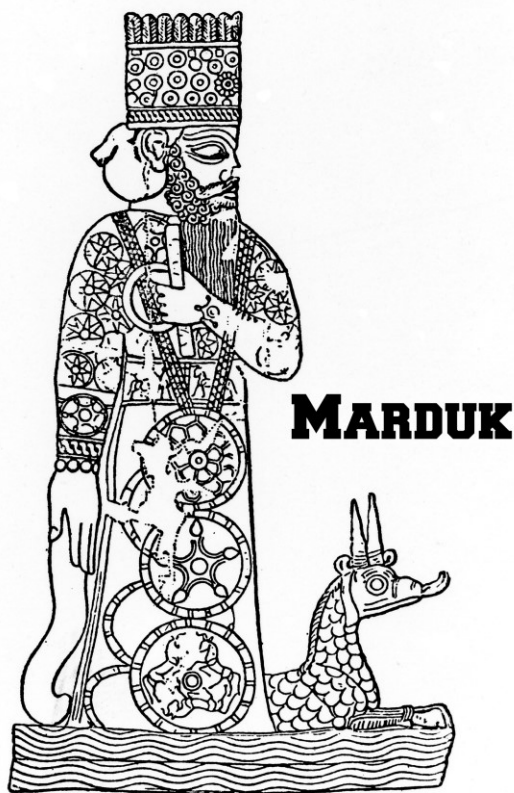## MARDUK=NIBIRU ARRIVAL DECLARED!
WITH GERALD CLARK

Headlines and Questions

- Marduk is the offspring of Enki and Isis-Ninmah whose planetary affiliation is Venus.

- Marduk claims Nibiru as his planet in the Enuma Elish

- Enuma Elish Solar System Planet Names

- Lucifer scope on Mount Graham looking for Nibiru = Marduk
- Palmyra Arches link Marduk-Moloch to NWO Lucifer
- Enlil-Yahweh and Marduk were at war, Marduk claims to be Most High.

- Nibiru Size Re-examined from the VA-243 data points to 666

- Marduk claims Nibiru as his planet in the Enuma Elish

The 7th Planet Mercury Rising, Page 38

Nibiru rested on top of the sun for 900 years (captured in the sun's orbit?) [2, Pg. 233]. The sun's solar radiation disturbs Tiamat, Ea and his wife Damkina have offspring, naming their firstborn son

Marduk. Herein, Marduk takes liberty with the account as the progeny of the high ranking members of the Anunnaki Council, establishing his birthright spawned in the heavens.

Rank	Celestial Body	Epic of Creation Name	Anunnaki AKA Name
11	Sun	Apsu	
10	Moon	Qingu	
9	Mercury	Mummu	Ningishzidda
8	Venus	Lahamu	Ninmah/Damkina
7	Earth	Ki	Urash
6	Mars	Lahmu	
5	Jupiter	Kishar	Enlil
4	Saturn	Anshar	
3	Neptune	Nudimud	Ea/Enki
2	Uranus	Anu	Anu
1	Pluto	Gaga	
12	Nibiru	Marduk	Bel,Moloch

Table 1: Enuma Elish names for our Solar System Planets

- Lucifer scope on Mount Graham, AZ can view in the IR range, amateur astronomers have posted massive evidence that something is being seen in the skies. Marduk = Nibiru = Lucifer

- Palmyra Arches link Marduk- Moloch and the EU NWO agenda

- **Marduk is the offspring of Enki and Isis-Ninmah whose planetary affiliation is Venus.**

http://endoftheamericandream.com/archives/april-2016-the-temple-of-baal-will-be-erected-in-times-square-in-new-york-city by Michael Snyder.

Bel became especially used of the Babylonian god **Marduk** and when found in Assyrian and **neo-Babylonian** personal names or mentioned in inscriptions in a Mesopotamian context it can usually be taken as referring to Marduk and no other god. Similarly *Belit* without some disambiguation mostly refers to Bel Marduk's spouse **Sarpanit**. However Marduk's mother, the Sumerian goddess called **Ninhursag**, **Damkina**, Ninmah and other names in Sumerian, was often known as *Belit-ili* 'Lady of the Gods' in Akkadian.

- Enlil-Yahweh and Marduk were at war

http://www.ancient.eu/Nebuchadnezzar_II/

Upon ascending to the throne, Nebuchadnezzar spoke to the gods, in his inaugural address, saying, "O merciful Marduk, may the house that I have built endure forever, may I be satiated with its splendor, attain old age therein, with abundant offspring, and receive therein tribute of the

kings of all regions, from all mankind" and it would seem the gods heard his prayer in that, under his reign, Babylon became the most powerful **city-state** in the region and Nebuchadnezzar II himself the greatest warrior-king and ruler in the known world. He is portrayed in unflattering light in the **Bible**, most notably in the Book of Daniel and the Book of Jeremiah (**where he is seen as an 'enemy of God' and one whom the deity of the Israelites intends to make an example of or, conversely, the agent of God used as a scourge against the faithless followers of Yahweh**).

The Biblical Isaiah 14:12 sole Lucifer reference (Latin Vulgate term not from Hebrew source) links Isis (morning star) to her son Marduk and his offspring via Nebo (AKA Nabu), Nebuchadnezzar last king of Babylon. This is clearly Enlil smearing his half-sister Ninmah for birthing Marduk and his offspring clan that are occupying his assigned territory in Mesopotamia. Worst of all, Marduk is the son of Enki his nemesis. How dare his sister do this? Michael Snyder clearly makes the genealogical link in his article above of Ninmah as mother to Marduk. This is standard knowledge among Ancient Astronaut Theory researchers.

Isaiah 14 Bible Reference

https://www.biblegateway.com/passage/?search=Isaiah+14%3A12&version=KJV

¹² How art thou fallen from heaven, O <mark>Lucifer</mark>, son of the morning! how art thou cut down to the ground, which didst weaken the nations!

¹³ <mark>For thou hast said in thine heart, I will ascend into heaven, I will exalt my throne above the stars of God</mark>: I will sit also upon the mount of the congregation, in the sides of the north:

¹⁴ <mark>I will ascend above the heights of the clouds; I will be like the</mark> <mark>most High</mark>.

- Marduk renamed Nibiru after himself in the Enuma Elish
- Is this not an attempt by Marduk to thwart the kingship on Nibiru, specifically against Anu or Enlil? Compare to Isaiah 14:13-14 lines.
- Tunnel Ceremony points to arrival of Lucifer and possible link to underground facilities and likely DUMBs. Could the tunnels connect to the Halls of Amenti beneath the Giza complex?
- Is this Tunnel announcement a signal to the elite to head to their bunkers?

- Is Thoth coming out of stasis in the Halls of Amenti in the Age of Aquarius why the Barbarian horde ISIS wants to destroy the Giza complex?

VA243 Nibiru size re-analyzed

Using the same figure shown below that was used in the Nibiru Orbital Report, I decided to simply measure the linear diameter for each planet and see how the math turned out. This is an alternative to measuring pixels, which not all programs do. The reason I wanted to do this is because after analyzing the pixel data provided by another researcher, doubts arose as to the size of Nibiru given how large it is relative to the sun. The original pixel data showed a diameter of Nibiru to be 226,973 km which turned out to be 17.8 times larger than Earth.

Figure 1: VA-243

 In Summary, my approach methods are:

- Method 1: Review original Pixel Data to recalculate size of Nibiru

- Method 2: New Linear Measurements as planetary diameters

- Method 3: New Pixel measurements to get the size of Nibiru from the famous VA-243 Sumerian cylinder seal.

Body	Diameter(KM) D	Log66(D)	Body	Diameter Pixels P	Log6(P)	Log % Difference	% Correl (D,P)	% Correl (LogD,LogP)
Pluto	2,306.00	1.8482	1	26	1.8184	0.81301	89.983	99.503
Moon	3,473.00	1.9459	11	28	1.8597	2.26481		
Mercury	4,880.00	2.0271	2	33	1.9514	1.90206		
Mars	6,794.00	2.1061	7	34	1.9681	3.38698		
Venus	12,104.00	2.2439	3	41	2.0726	3.96954		
Earth	12,756.00	2.2565	10	43	2.0992	3.61112		
Neptune	49,532.00	2.5803	8	52	2.2052	7.83668		
Uranus	51,118.00	2.5878	9	53	2.2159	7.74236		
Saturn	120,536.00	2.7925	4	64	2.3211	9.21859		
Jupiter	142,984.00	2.8333	5	67	2.3467	9.39391		
Nibiru	226,973.00	2.9436	6	76	2.4170	9.82262		
Sun	1,392,684.00	3.3766	12	125	2.6947	11.23077		

Table 2: Original Pixel Data Nibiru Orbital Report

So, wanted to get a measurement from a tool everyone probably has access to like **MS Powerpoint or MS Excel**.

I copied the image below from Figure 3 into **MS Powerpoint** then redrew the circles around each planet and then added a horizontal blue line to each circle, exactly at the midpoint using the built-in alignment tool which joins the horizontal line to the circle at the attachment points shown.

Then I grouped each circle and line and resized them to fit all the other planets as shown in Figure 3. This ensured that all the lines were drawn at the exact diameter of the circles.

Then, using MS Powerpoint each diameter line was selected (after ungrouping the circle and the diameter line) and the length in inches

was recorded as shown in Table 1 below. The Powerpoint measurement only gave me two decimal places of accuracy which is not very good resolution. More resolution will improve the results, but I decided to use the reported values directly and see how the math worked.

Figure 3: VA-243 Measurement Setup showing Solar System

The highlighted column contains the measurements obtained from the twelve distinct diameter lines ranging from 0.38 inches for Pluto to the largest value of 1.62 inches for the sun.

Body	Number	Diameter (KM)	Diameter (IN)	% COR (KM,IN)	LOG66 (KM)	LOG6 (scalar*IN)	LOG % COR
Pluto	1	2,306	0.38	92.189	1.191	1.195	97.434
Moon	11	3,473	0.40		1.254	1.224	
Mercury	2	4,880	0.45		1.306	1.290	
Mars	7	6,794	0.50		1.357	1.348	
Venus	3	12,104	0.52		1.446	1.370	
Earth	10	12,750	0.58		1.454	1.431	
Neptune	8	49,532	0.71		1.663	1.544	
Uranus	9	51,118	0.71		1.668	1.544	
Saturn	4	120,536	0.79		1.800	1.604	
Jupiter	5	142,984	0.84		1.826	1.638	
Nibiru	6	846,751	0.98		2.099	1.724	
Sun	12	1,392,684	1.62		2.176	2.004	

Table 3 VA-243 Gerald Clark Linear Diameter Measurements

The log(number, base) function in MS Excel was used with a scalar of 22.4 multiplying the number to keep the log result from being negative caused by fractional numbers in the Diameter (IN) column. I could have a separate column with the number multipled by the 22.4 scaled value for the line measurements in inches but was lazy. So the function looks like that shown below with the scalar embedded in the MS Excel LOG function.

= LOG (22.4*E3,6)   // formula used to get the Diameter (IN) data

Where column E3 points to the first data item in Diameter(IN) or 0.38 with the result being 1.195 which was very close to the 1.91 value in the previous column. So, the 22.4 scalar multiplies the number to make it larger than a fraction, it could be any value chosen at random. This scalar makes the data match at the low range but does not do well with the higher values.

We can specifically compute the size for the planet Nibiru. Using the Method 2 linear measured data and the Method 1: Pixel data that was borrowed from another's research, we can setup the following equivalence equations:

Method 1: Original pixel data from Nibiru Orbital Report

Sun Diameter (km) / pixel diameter sun = Planet X diameter (km) / pixel diameter Planet X

Planet X Diamter (km) = (Sun diameter (km) * pixel diameter Planet X) / pixel diameter Sun)

Planet X diameter = (1,392,684 (km) * 76 pixes) / 125 pixels

Method 1: Planet X diameter = 846,751 (km)

The original pixel measurements reported Nibiru Planet X to be 226,973 km in diameter. This erroneous finding caused me to redo the entire measurements given the fact the borrowed data miscalculated the size of Nibiru from the given data.

Method 2: Measured linear diameter from VA-243

Sun Diameter (km) / linear diameter sun = Planet X diameter (km) / linear diameter Planet X

Planet X Diamter (km) = (Sun diameter (km) * linear diameter Planet X) / linear diameter Sun)

Planet X diameter = (1,392,684 (km) * 0.98 in) / 1.62 in

Method 2: Planet X diameter = 842,487 (km)

The diameter of the **Earth** is **12,750 km**. Dividing Earth's diameter into that of Planet X derived from the Method 1: pixel diameters, we find:

Method 1: Planet X diameter

846,751 km / Earth diameter 12,750 km = 66.41

Thus, the diameter of Nibiru using the pixel data from the previous report shows that Planet X is 66 times bigger than Earth, not the **17.8** scalar factor found from the **erroneous** Planet X measurement of **226,973** km used in the Nibiru Orbital Report.

Method 2: Planet X diameter

842,487 km / Earth diameter 12,750 km = 66.07

Thus, the diameter of Nibiru using the measured linear analysis data from Method 2 shows that Planet X is 66.07 times bigger than Earth

Next, using the free Paint application provided with the Windows operating system that the majority use, I decided to re-measure the pixels myself and see how close the three measurements for Nibiru compared. The measurements are highlited in column 4, see Table 4

Body	Number	Diameter (KM)	Diameter Pixels	% COR (KM,Pix)	LOG66 (KM)	LOG6 (Pix)	LOG % COR
Pluto	1	2,306	39	91.834	1.848	2.045	97.381
Moon	11	3,473	43		1.946	2.099	
Mercury	2	4,880	49		2.027	2.172	
Mars	7	6,794	54		2.106	2.226	
Venus	3	12,104	57		2.244	2.256	
Earth	10	12,750	61		2.256	2.294	
Neptune	8	49,532	77		2.580	2.424	
Uranus	9	51,118	77		2.588	2.424	
Saturn	4	120,536	85		2.793	2.479	
Jupiter	5	142,984	91		2.833	2.518	
Nibiru	6	846,751	105		3.258	2.597	
Sun	12	1,392,684	175		3.377	2.883	

Table 4 VA-243 Gerald Clark Measured Pixel Diameter Measurements

Sun Diameter (km) / pixel diameter sun = Planet X diameter (km) / pixel diameter Planet X

Planet X Diamter (km) = (Sun diameter (km) * pixel diameter Planet X) / pixel diameter Sun)

Planet X diameter = (1,392,684 (km) * 105 pixes) / 175 pixels

Method 3: Planet X diameter = 835,610 (km)

Summary of Findings:

Method 1: Planet X diameter 846,751 km / Earth diameter 12,750 km = 66.41

99.503 % Correlation of VA-243 with our Solar System

Method 2: Planet X diameter 842,487 km / Earth diameter 12,750 km = 66.07

97.434 % Correlation of VA-243 with our Solar System

Method 3: Planet X diameter 835,610 km / Earth diameter 12,750 km = 65.53

97.381 % Correlation of VA-243 with our Solar System

	Method1	Method 2	Method 3
Diameter (km)	846,751	842,487	835,610
Earth Scalar	66.41	66.07	65.53
% Correlation	99.503	97.434	97.381

Table 5: Summary Findings

Thus, the diameter of Nibiru using the measured linear analysis data shows that **Planet X average diameter of the three results is 66.00** times bigger than the diameter for Earth!

What a coincidence that the number is a sexagesimal base 60 result! 600 is 10x60, the Anunnaki link between the sexagesimal and Anu's rank of 60 and the base 10 system we use on Earth. See the book *"When Time Began"* by Sitchen who analzyed the mathematical relationship between the Earth and Nibiru correlation methods, relating the sexagesimal to the base ten number system we now use.
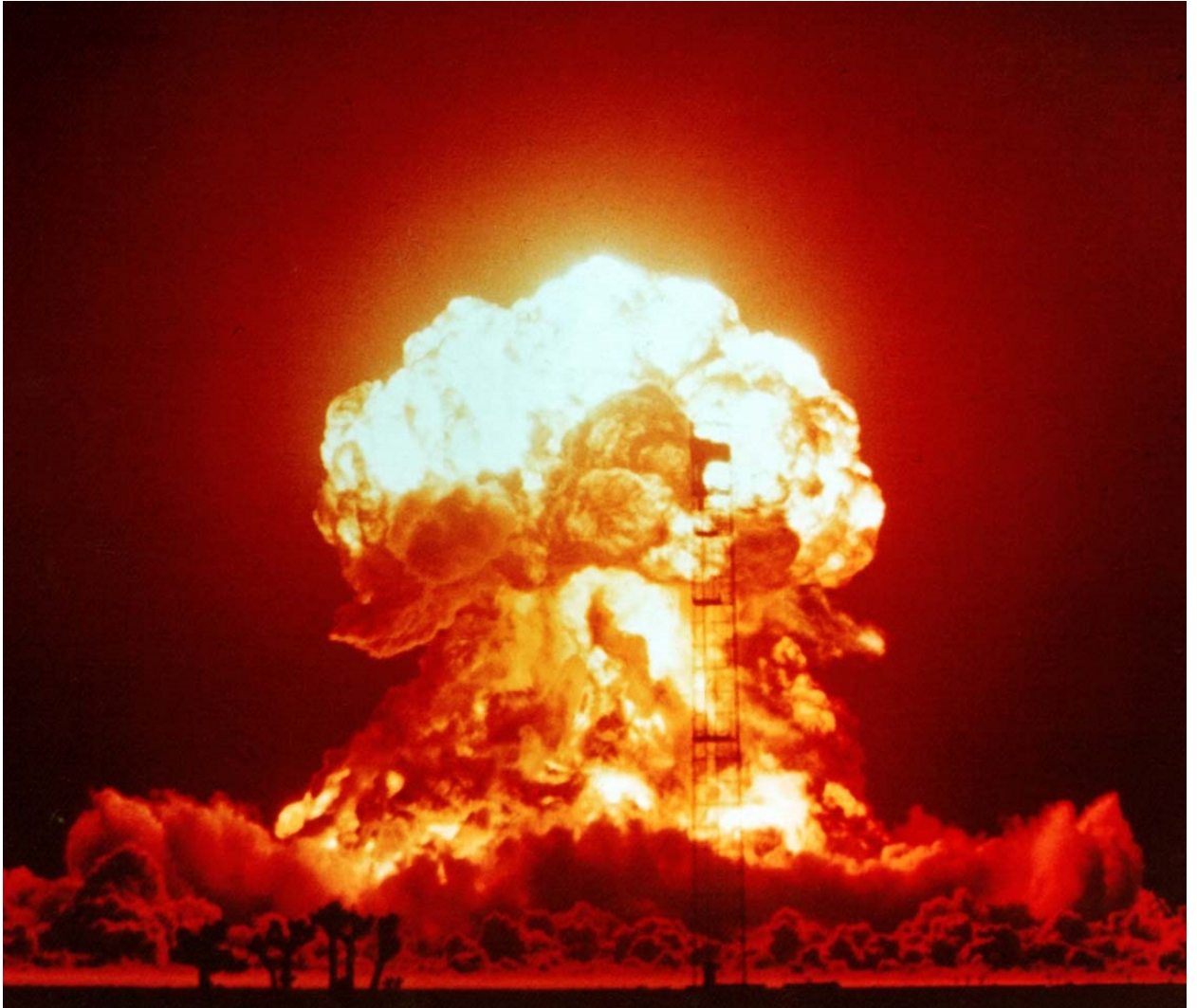
666

Combining 600+66 gives us the wicked number of the beast from Revelations, 666. Marduk was also known as a great dragon given he was born of Enki and his half sister Ninmah. The dragon was a sign of kingship in the Sumerian culture. Is this fact, Marduk's right to rule,

what caused Enlil to demonize the image of the dragon, specifically aimed at Marduk chief deity of Babylon, making the perceived image of a dragon a beast?

There was no rank of 6 on the Anunnaki council of 12, so the insinuation that Iskur-Adad had this rank and was therefore the referenced entity is inaccurate. Sorry Bpearthwatch (https://youtu.be/1cfqrVdB3LY?t=637) , you were very close to the truth but you missed the true identity due to source material errors.

Although, Iskur-Adad was the storm god to the Hittites and son of Enlil, editor in chief of the Roman Catholic Biblical Canon, the father is not demonizing his son Iskur, but rather Enki's son Marduk, occupier of his territory (Babylon) and threat to the Lord of the Air, AKA the Lord of the Command, himself. This turned out to be a warranted fear, as Marduk overtook the Anunnaki Council position of 50, Lord of the Earth circa 2000 BCE. Afterwards he had the 50 names of Marduk read aloud each spring in Babylon, along with the Enuma Elish establishing himself as the most high god in his aptly named city, Babylon, which means gateway of the gods. **The bond-heaven earth facility or tower of Babel, threatened Enlil's command authority directly. That is why he and Ninurta nuked it.**

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